CHAPTER 156

[Substitute House Bill No. 1865] ELECTRICIANS AND ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

AN ACT Relating to electricians and electrical installations; amending RCW 19.28.005, 19.28.010, 19.28.060, 19.28.070, 19.28.120, 19.28.123, 19.28.125, 19.28.180, 19.28.190, 19.28.310, 19.28.350, 19.28.360, 19.28.540, 19.28.550, 19.28.570, 19.28.610, and 19.28.620; repealing RCW 19.28.380 and 19.28.590; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 1, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.005 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Administrator" means a person designated by an electrical contractor to supervise electrical work and electricians in accordance with the rules adopted under this chapter.

(2) "Advisory board" means the electrical advisory board under RCW 19.28.065.

(3) "Board of electrical examiners" means the board of electrical examiners under RCW 19.28.123.

(4) "Chapter" means chapter 19.28 RCW.

(5) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.

(6) "Director" means the director of the department or the director's designee.

(7) "Electrical construction trade" includes but is not limited to installing or maintaining electrical wires and equipment that are used for light, heat, or power and installing and maintaining remote control, signalling, power limited, or communication circuits or systems.

(8) "Electrical contractor" means a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity that offers to undertake, undertakes, submits a bid for, or does the work of installing or maintaining wires or equipment that convey electrical current.

(9) "Equipment" means any equipment or apparatus that directly uses, conducts, or is operated by electricity but does not mean plug-in household appliances.

(10) "Journeyman electrician" means a person who has been issued a journeyman electrician certificate of competency by the department.

(11) "Specialty electrician" means a person who has been issued a specialty electrician certificate of competency by the department.

Sec. 2. Section 1, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as last amended by section 2, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.010 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All wires and equipment, and installations thereof, that convey electric current and installations of equipment to be operated by electric

current, in, on, or about buildings or structures, except for telephone, telegraph, radio, and television wires and equipment, and television antenna installations, signal strength amplifiers, and coaxial installations pertaining thereto shall be in strict conformity with this chapter, the statutes of the state of Washington, and the rules issued by the department, and shall be in conformity with approved methods of construction for safety to life and property. All wires and equipment that fall within section 90.2(b)(5) of the National Electrical Code, 1981 edition, are exempt from the requirements of this chapter. The regulations and articles in the National Electrical Code, as approved by the American Standards Association, and in the national electrical safety code, as approved by the American Standards Association, and other installation and safety regulations approved by the American Standards Association, as modified or supplemented by rules issued by the department in furtherance of safety to life and property under authority hereby granted, shall be prima facie evidence of the approved methods of construction. All materials, devices, appliances, and equipment used in such installations shall be of a type that conforms to applicable standards or be indicated as acceptable by the established standards of the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. or other ((equivalently national recognized authorities)) electrical product testing laboratories which are accredited by the department.

(2) This chapter shall not limit the authority or power of any city or town to enact and enforce under authority given by law, any ordinance, rule, or regulation requiring an equal, higher, or better standard of construction and an equal, higher, or better standard of materials, devices, appliances, and equipment than that required by this chapter: <u>PROVIDED</u>, That such city or town shall require that its electrical inspectors meet the qualifications provided for state electrical inspectors in accordance with <u>RCW 19.28.070</u>. In a city or town having an equal, higher, or better standard the installations, materials, devices, appliances, and equipment shall be in accordance with the ordinance, rule, or regulation of the city or town.

(3) Nothing in this chapter may be construed as permitting the connection of any conductor of any electric circuit with a pipe that is connected with or designed to be connected with a waterworks piping system, without the consent of the person or persons legally responsible for the operation and maintenance of the waterworks piping system.

Sec. 3. Section 10, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as last amended by section 4, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.060 are each amended to read as follows:

Prior to January 1st of each year, the director shall obtain an authentic copy of the national electrical code as approved by the American Standards Association, and an authentic copy of any applicable regulations and standards of the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., or other ((nationally recognized)) electrical product testing laboratory which is accredited by the

<u>department</u> prescribing rules, regulations, and standards for electrical materials, devices, appliances, and equipment, including any modifications and changes that have been made during the previous year in the rules, regulations, and standards. The department, after consulting with the advisory board and receiving the board's recommendations, shall adopt reasonable rules in furtherance of safety to life and property. All rules shall be kept on file by the department. Compliance with the rules shall be prima facie evidence of compliance with this chapter. The department upon request shall deliver to all persons, firms, partnerships, corporations, or other entities licensed under this chapter a copy of the rules.

Sec. 4. Section 3, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as last amended by section 61, chapter 34, Laws of 1975-'76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 19.28.070 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of labor and industries of the state of Washington and the officials of all incorporated cities and towns where electrical inspections are required by local ordinances shall have power and it shall be their duty to enforce the provisions of this chapter in their respective jurisdictions. The director of labor and industries shall have power to appoint an electrical inspector, and such assistant inspectors as he shall deem necessary to assist him in the performance of his duties. All electrical inspectors appointed by the director of labor and industries shall ((be)) have not less than four years experience as journeyman electricians ((of not less than four years experience)) in installing and maintaining electrical equipment, ((or four years experience as electrical inspectors for a municipality,)) or two years electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing((;)) and ((two)) four years continuous practical electrical experience in installation work, or four years of electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing and two years continuous practical electrical experience in electrical installation work. Such state inspectors shall be paid such salary as the director of labor and industries shall determine, together with their travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03-.060 as now existing or hereafter amended. The expenses of the director of labor and industries and the salaries and expenses of state inspectors incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall be paid entirely out of the electrical license fund, upon vouchers approved by the director of labor and industries.

See. 5. Section 1, chapter 30, Laws of 1969 as last amended by section 5, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.120 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity to engage in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining wires or equipment to convey electric current, or installing or maintaining equipment to be operated by electric current as it pertains to the electrical industry, without having an unrevoked, unsuspended, and unexpired electrical contractor license, issued by the department in accordance with this chapter. All electrical contractor licenses expire ((on the thirtyfirst day of December)) twenty-four calendar months following the day of their issue. The department may issue an electrical contractors license for a period of less than twenty-four months only for the purpose of equalizing the number of electrical contractor licenses which expire each month. Application for an electrical contractor license shall be made in writing to the department, accompanied by the required fee. The application shall state the name and address of the applicant; in case of firms or partnerships, the names of the individuals composing the firm or partnership; in case of corporations, the names of the managing officials thereof; the location of the place of business of the applicant and the name under which the business is conducted; and whether a general or specialty electrical contractor license is sought and, if the latter, the type of specialty. Electrical contractor specialties include, but are not limited to: Residential, domestic appliances, pump and irrigation, limited energy system, signs, ((and)) nonresidential maintenance, and a combination specialty. A general electrical contractor license shall grant to the holder the right to engage in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining wires or equipment to carry electric current, and installing or maintaining equipment, or installing or maintaining material to fasten or insulate such wires or equipment to be operated by electric current, in the state of Washington. A specialty electrical contractor license shall grant to the holder a limited right to engage in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining wires or equipment to carry electrical current, and installing or maintaining equipment; or installing or maintaining material to fasten or insulate such wires or equipment to be operated by electric current in the state of Washington as expressly allowed by the license.

(2) The application for a contractor license shall be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ((three)) four thousand dollars with the state of Washington named as obligee in the bond, with good and sufficient surety, to be approved by the department. The bond shall at all times be kept in full force and effect, and any cancellation or revocation thereof, or withdrawal of the surety therefrom, suspends the license issued to the principal until a new bond has been filed and approved as provided in this section. Upon approval of a bond, the department shall on the next business day deposit the fee accompanying the application in the electrical license fund and shall file the bond in the office. The department shall upon request furnish to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity a certified copy of the bond upon the payment of a fee that the department shall set by rule. The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of furnishing the certified copy. The bond shall be conditioned that in any installation or maintenance

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of wires or equipment to convey electrical current, and equipment to be operated by electrical current, the principal will comply with the provisions of this chapter and with any electrical ordinance, building code, or regulation of a city or town adopted pursuant to RCW 19.28.010(2) that is in effect at the time of entering into a contract. The bond shall be conditioned further that the principal will pay for all labor, including employee benefits, and material furnished or used upon the work, taxes and contributions to the state of Washington, and all damages that may be sustained by any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity due to a failure of the principal to make the installation or maintenance in accordance with this chapter or any applicable ordinance, building code, or regulation of a city or town adopted pursuant to RCW 19.28.010(2). In lieu of the surety bond required by this section the license applicant may file with the department a cash deposit or other negotiable security acceptable to the department. If the license applicant has filed a cash deposit, the department shall deposit the funds in a special trust savings account in a commercial bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association and shall pay annually to the depositor the interest derived from the account.

(3) The department shall issue general or specialty electrical contractor licenses to applicants meeting all of the requirements of this chapter. The provisions of this chapter relating to the licensing of any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity including the requirement of a bond with the state of Washington named as obligee therein and the collection of a fee therefor, are exclusive, and no political subdivision of the state of Washington may require or issue any licenses or bonds or charge any fee for the same or a similar purpose. No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity holding more than one specialty contractor license under this chapter may be required to pay an annual fee for more than one such license or to post more than one ((three)) four thousand dollar bond, equivalent cash deposit, or other negotiable security.

(4) To obtain a general or specialty electrical contractor license the applicant must designate an individual who currently possesses an administrator's certificate as a general electrical contractor administrator or as a specialty electrical contractor administrator in the specialty for which application has been made. Administrator certificate specialties include but are not limited to: Residential, domestic, appliance, pump and irrigation, limited energy cystem, signs, ((and)) nonresidential maintenance, and combination specialty. To obtain an administrator's certificate an individual must pass an examination as set forth in RCW 19.28.123 unless the applicants who were electrical contractors licensed by the state of Washington at any time during 1974 are entitled to receive a general electrical contractor administrator's certificate without examination if the applicants apply prior to January 1, 1984. The board of electrical examiners shall certify to the

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department the names of all persons who are entitled to either a general or specialty electrical contractor administrator's certificate.

Sec. 6. Section 2, chapter 188, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. as last amended by section 57, chapter 287, Laws of 1984 and RCW 19.28.123 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created a board of electrical examiners consisting of nine members to be appointed by the governor. It shall be the purpose and function of this board to establish in addition to a general electrical contractors' license, such classifications of specialty electrical contractors' licenses as it deems appropriate with regard to individual sections pertaining to state adopted codes in chapter 19.28 RCW. In addition, it shall be the purpose and function of this board to establish and administer written examinations for general electrical contractors' qualifying certificates and the various specialty electrical contractors' qualifying certificates. Examinations shall be designed to reasonably insure that general and specialty electrical contractor's qualifying certificate holders are competent to engage in and supervise the work covered by this statute and their respective licenses. The examinations shall include questions from the following categories to assure proper safety and protection for the general public: (1) Safety, (2) state electrical code, and (3) electrical theory. The department with the consent of the board of electrical examiners shall be permitted to enter into a contract with a professional testing agency to develop, administer, and score these examinations. It shall be the further purpose and function of this board to advise the director as to the need of additional electrical inspectors and compliance officers to be utilized by the director on either a full-time or part-time employment basis and to carry out the duties enumerated in RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 as well as generally advise the department on all matters relative to RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620. Meetings of the board shall be held quarterly on the first Monday of February, May, August, and November of each year. Each member of the board shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240, and each member shall also receive travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03-.060, which shall be paid out of the electrical license fund, upon vouchers approved by the director of labor and industries.

Sec. 7. Section 4, chapter 188, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. as last amended by section 6, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.125 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each applicant for an electrical contractor's license, other than an individual, shall designate a supervisory employee or member of the firm to take the required administrator's examination. Effective July 1, 1987, a supervisory employee designated as the administrator shall be a full-time supervisory employee. This person shall be designated as administrator under the license. No person may qualify as administrator for more than one contractor. If the relationship of the administrator with the electrical contractor

is terminated, the contractor's license is void within ninety days unless another administrator is qualified by the board of electrical examiners. However, if the administrator dies, the contractor's license is void within one hundred eighty days unless another administrator is qualified by the board of electrical examiners. A certificate issued under this section is valid for ((the calendar year of issuance)) two years from the nearest birthdate of the administrator, unless revoked or suspended, and further is nontransferable. The certificate may be renewed for a two-year period without examination by appropriate application unless the certificate has been revoked, suspended, or not renewed within ninety days after the expiration date. If the certificate is not renewed before the expiration date, the individual shall pay twice the usual fee. An individual holding more than one administrator's certificate under this chapter shall not be required to pay annual fees for more than one certificate. A person may take the administrator's test as many times as necessary without limit.

(2) The administrator shall:

(a) Be a member of the firm or a supervisory employee and shall be available during working hours to carry out the duties of an administrator under this section;

(b) Ensure that all electrical work complies with the electrical installation laws and rules of the state;

(c) Ensure that the proper electrical safety procedures are used;

(d) Ensure that all electrical labels, permits, and licenses required to perform electrical work are used;

(c) See that corrective notices issued by an inspecting authority are complied with; and

(f) Notify the department in writing within ten days if the administrator terminates the relationship with the electrical contractor.

(3) The department shall not by rule change the administrator's duties under subsection (2) of this section.

Sec. 8. Section 5, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as last amended by section 3, chapter 71, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 19.28.180 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person, firm, or corporation sustaining any damage or injury by reason of the <u>principal's</u> breach of the conditions of ((said bond by the principal therein)) the bond required under RCW 19.28.120 may bring an action against the surety named therein, ((with or without)) joining in ((said)) the action the principal named in ((said)) the bond; ((said)) the action ((may)) shall be brought in the superior court of any county in which the principal on ((said)) the bond resides or transacts business, or in the county in which the work was performed as a result of which the breach is alleged to have occurred; ((said)) the action on said bond, or failure to bring action thereon shall waive the right of any person, firm or corporation to sue

the principal named in said bond for any damage or injury sustained by reason of the failure of the principal in said bond to comply with the provisions of this chapter:)) Claims or actions against the surety on ((such)) the bond((s)) shall be paid in full in the following order of priority: (1) labor. including employee benefits, (2) materials and equipment used upon such work, (3) taxes and contributions due to the state, (4) damages sustained by any person, firm or corporation due to the failure of the principal to make the installation in accordance with the provisions of chapter 19.28 RCW, or any ordinance, building code, or regulation applicable thereto: PROVIDED, That the total liability of the surety on any ((such)) bond shall not exceed the sum of ((three)) four thousand dollars and the surety on the bond shall not be liable for monetary penalties; and any ((such)) action shall be brought within one year from the completion of the work in the performance of which the breach is alleged to have occurred. The surety shall mail a conformed copy of the judgment against the bond to the department within seven days.

In the event that a cash or securities deposit has been made in lieu of the surety bond, and in the event of a judgment being entered against such depositor and deposit, the director shall upon receipt of a certified copy of a final judgment, pay said judgment from such deposit.

Sec. 9. Section 6, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 and RCW 19.28.190 are each amended to read as follows:

No person, firm or corporation engaging in, conducting or carrying on the business of installing wires or equipment to convey electric current, or installing apparatus to be operated by said current, shall be entitled to commence or maintain any suit or action in any court of this state pertaining to any such work or business, without alleging and proving that such person, firm or corporation held, at the time of commencing and performing such work, an unexpired, unrevoked and unsuspended license issued under the provisions of this chapter; and no city or town requiring by ordinance or regulation a permit ((before any)) for inspection or installation of such electrical work ((is installed)), shall issue such permit to any person, firm or corporation not holding such license.

Sec. 10. Section 7, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as amended by section 11, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.310 are each amended to read as follows:

The department has the power, in case of continued noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter, to revoke or suspend for such a period as it determines, any electrical contractor license or electrical contractor administrator certificate issued under this chapter. The department shall notify the holder of the license or certificate of the revocation or suspension by certified mail. A revocation or suspension is effective fifteen days after the holder receives the notice. Any revocation or suspension is subject to review by an appeal to the board of electrical examiners. The filing of an appeal stays the effect of a revocation or suspension until the board of electrical examiners makes its decision. The appeal shall be filed within fifteen days after notice of the revocation or suspension is given by certified mail sent to the address of the holder of the license or certificate as shown on the application for the license or certificate, and shall be effected by filing a written notice of appeal with the department, accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars, which shall be returned to the holder of the license or certificate if the decision of the department is not sustained by the board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.04 RCW. If the board sustains the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars shall be applied by the department to the payment of the per diem and expenses of the members of the board incurred in the matter, and any balance remaining after payment of per diem and expenses shall be paid into the electrical license fund.

Sec. 11. Section 14, chapter 169, Laws of 1935 as last amended by section 12, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.350 are cach amended to read as follows:

Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity violating any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.010 through 19.28.380 ((is guilty of a misdemeanor, and)) shall be ((punished by a fine)) assessed a penalty of not less than fifty dollars((, or not less than five days imprisonment, or both the fine and imprisonment. Each day that any violation continues shall be deemed a separate offense)) or more than ten thousand dollars. The department shall set by rule a schedule of penalties for violating RCW 19.28.010 through 19.28.380. The department shall notify the person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity violating any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.010 through 19.28.380 of the amount of the penalty and of the specific violation by certified mail, return receipt requested, sent to the last known address of the assessed party. Any penalty is subject to review by an appeal to the board of electrical examiners. The filing of an appeal stays the effect of the penalty until the board of electrical examiners makes its decision. The appeal shall be filed within fifteen days after notice of the penalty is given to the assessed party by certified mail, return receipt requested, sent to the last known address of the assessed party and shall be made by filing a written notice of appeal with the department. The notice shall be accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars, which shall be returned to the assessed party if the decision of the department is not sustained by the board. If the board sustains the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars shall be applied by the department to the payment of the per diem and expenses of the members of the board incurred in the matter, and any balance remaining after payment of per diem and expenses shall be paid into the electrical license fund. The hearing and review procedures shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.04 RCW. The board of electrical

examiners shall assign its hearings to an administrative law judge to conduct the hearing and issue a proposed decision and order. The board shall be allowed a minimum of twenty days to review a proposed decision and shall issue its decision no later than the next regularly scheduled board meeting.

Sec. 12. Section 3, chapter 325, Laws of 1959 as last amended by section 1, chapter 97, Laws of 1967 ex. sess. and RCW 19.28.360 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of RCW 19.28.210 shall not apply:

(1) Within the corporate limits of any incorporated city or town which has heretofore adopted and enforced or subsequently adopts and enforces an ordinance requiring an equal, higher or better standard of construction and of materials, devices, appliances and equipment than is required by this chapter((: PROVIDED, That such city or town shall require that its electrical inspectors meet qualifications provided for state electrical inspectors in accordance with RCW 19.28.070)).

(2) Within the service area of an electricity supply agency owned and operated by a city or town which is supplying electricity and enforcing a standard of construction and materials outside its corporate limits at the time this act takes effect: PROVIDED, That such eity, town or agency shall henceforth enforce by inspection within its service area outside its corporate limits the same standards of construction and of materials, devices, appliances and equipment as is enforced by the department of labor and industries under the authority of this chapter: PROVIDED FURTHER, That fees charged henceforth in connection with such enforcement shall not exceed those established in RCW 19.28.210.

(3) Within the rights of way of state highways, provided the state department of transportation maintains and enforces an equal, higher or better standard of construction and of materials, devices, appliances and equipment than is required by RCW 19.28.010 through 19.28.360.

Sec. 13. Section 5, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 as amended by section 15, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.540 are each amended to read as follows:

The department, in coordination with the board of electrical examiners, shall prepare an examination to be administered to applicants for journeyman and specialty certificates of competency. The examination shall be constructed to determine:

(1) Whether the applicant possesses varied general knowledge of the technical information and practical procedures that are identified with the status of journeyman electrician or specialty electrician; and

(2) Whether the applicant is sufficiently familiar with the applicable electrical codes and the rules of the department pertaining to electrical installations and electricians.

The department shall, at least four times annually, administer the examination to persons eligible to take it under RCW 19.28.530. A person may take the journeyman or specialty test as many times as necessary without limit. All applicants shall, before taking the examination, pay to the department an examination fee. The department shall set the fee by rule. The fee shall cover but not exceed the costs of preparing and administering the examination.

The department shall certify the results of the examination upon such terms and after such a period of time as the department, in cooperation with the board of electrical examiners, deems necessary and proper.

(3) The department upon the consent of the board of electrical examiners may enter into a contract with a professional testing agency to develop, administer, and score journeyman and/or speciality electrician certification examinations.

Sec. 14. Section 6, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 as amended by section 16, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.550 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall issue a certificate of competency to all applicants who have passed the examination provided in RCW 19.28.540, and who have complied with RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 and the rules adopted under this chapter. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, and shall expire on the ((first of July)) holder's birthdate two years immediately following the date of issuance. The certificate shell be renewed ((annually)) every two years, upon application, on or before the ((first of July)) holder's birthdate. A fee shall be assessed for each certificate and for each annual renewal. The certificate may be renewed without examination by appropriate application unless the certificate has been revoked, suspended, or not renewed within ninety days after the expiration date. If the certificate is not renewed before the expiration date, the individual shall pay twice the usual fee. The department shall set the fees by rule for issuance and renewal of a certificate of competency. The fees shall cover but not exceed the costs of issuing the certificates and of administering and enforcing the electrician certification requirements of this chapter.

The certificates of competency and temporary permits provided for in this chapter grant the holder the right to work in the electrical construction trade as a journeyman electrician or specialty electrician in accordance with their provisions throughout the state and within any of its political subdivisions without additional proof of competency or any other license, permit, or fee to engage in such work.

Sec. 15. Section 8, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 as amended by section 17, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.570 are each amended to read as follows:

The department is authorized to grant and issue temporary permits in lieu of certificates of competency whenever an electrician coming into the

state of Washington from another state requests the department for a temporary permit to engage in the electrical construction trade as an electrician during the period of time between filing of an application for a certificate as provided in RCW 19.28.520 and <u>the date the results of</u> taking the examination provided for in RCW 19.28.540 <u>are furnished to the applicant</u>. The department is authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with other states providing for the acceptance of such states' journeyman <u>and speciality</u> <u>electrician</u> certificate of competency or its equivalent when such states requirements are equal to the standards set by this chapter. No temporary permit shall be issued to:

(1) Any person who has failed to pass the examination for a certificate of competency, except that any person who has failed the examination for competency under this section shall be entitled to continue to work under a temporary permit for ninety days if the person is enrolled in a journeyman electrician refresher course and shows evidence to the department that he or she has not missed any classes. The person, after completing the journeyman electrician refresher course, shall be eligible to retake the examination for competency at the next scheduled time.

(2) Any applicant under this section who has not furnished the department with such evidence required under RCW 19.28.520.

(3) To any apprentice electrician.

Sec. 16. Section 12, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 as amended by section 21, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.610 are each amended to read as follows:

Nothing in RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall be construed to require that a person obtain a license or a certified electrician in order to do electrical work at his or her residence or farm or place of business or on other property owned by him: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing in RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall be intended to derogate from or dispense with the requirements of any valid electrical code enacted by a city or town pursuant to RCW 19.28.010(2), except that no code shall require the holder of a certificate of competency to demonstrate any additional proof of competency or obtain any other license or pay any fee in order to engage in the electrical construction trade: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall not apply to common carriers subject to Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, nor to their officers and employees: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in RCW 19.28-.510 through 19.28.620 shall be deemed to apply to the installation or maintenance of ((communications or electronic circuits, wires and apparatus, or)) telephone, telegraph, radio, or television ((stations)) wires and equipment; nor to any electrical utility or its employees, in the installations and maintenance of electrical wiring, circuits, and equipment by or for the utility, or comprising a part of its plants, lines or systems. The licensing provisions of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall not apply to persons

making electrical installations on their own property or to regularly employed employees working on the premises of their employer: AND PRO-VIDED FURTHER, That nothing in RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall be construed to restrict the right of any householder to assist or receive assistance from a friend, neighbor, relative or other person when none of the individuals doing the electrical installation hold themselves out as engaged in the trade or business of electrical installations. Nothing precludes any person who is exempt from the licensing requirements of this chapter under this section from obtaining a journeyman or specialty certificate of competency if they otherwise meet the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 17. Section 13, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 as amended by section 22, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.620 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity to employ an individual for purposes of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 who has not been issued a certificate of competency or a training certificate. It is unlawful for any individual to engage in the electrical construction trade or to maintain or install any electrical equipment ((for light, heat, or power)) or conductors without having in his or her possession a certificate of competency or a training certificate under RCW 19-.28.510 through 19.28.620. Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity found in violation of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall be ((punished by a fine)) assessed a penalty of not less than fifty dollars or more than five hundred dollars. The department shall set by rule a schedule of penalties for violating RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620. An appeal may be made to the board of electrical examiners as is provided in RCW 19.28.350. The appeal shall be filed within fifteen days after the notice of the penalty is given to the assessed party by certified mail, return receipt requested, sent to the last known address of the assessed party and shall be made by filing a written notice of appeal with the department. Any equipment maintained or installed by any person who does not possess a certificate of competency under RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 shall not receive an electrical work permit and electrical service shall not be connected or maintained to operate the equipment. Each day that a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity violates the provisions of RCW 19-.28.510 through 19.28.620 is a separate violation.

(2) A civil penalty shall be collected in a civil action brought by the attorney general ((or the prosecuting attorney of)) in the county wherein the alleged violation arose at the request of the department if any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 or any rules promulgated under RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 are violated.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) Section 35, chapter 170, Laws of 1965 ex. sess., section 18, chapter 30, Laws of 1980 and RCW 19.28.380; and

(2) Section 10, chapter 30, Laws of 1980, section 19, chapter 206, Laws of 1983 and RCW 19.28.590.

Passed the House February 14, 1986. Passed the Senate March 7, 1986. Approved by the Governor March 31, 1986. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 31, 1986.

CHAPTER 157

[House Bill No. 1868]

CENTENNIAL LOGOS—AUTHORIZED AND UNAUTHORIZED USE

AN ACT Relating to 1989 centennial logos; adding a new section to chapter 27.60 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature intends that the celebration of the centennial should be of high quality, and that the centennial may generate revenues to help support such programs and plans. The legislature is concerned, as other states' legislatures and the congress have been, that large but transitory celebrations such as the bicentennial, Olympic games, or centennials, may present an opportunity for inappropriate commercial activity or outright theft of the valuable public property represented by the celebration and its associated symbols. To this end, it is declared to be in the public interest to provide for the protection of officially adopted centennial symbols, marks, and graphic insignia, and to assist the commission with the prevention of conauthorized use of such symbols.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 27.60 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as authorized by the commission in writing, the manufacture, reproduction, or use of any logos, emblems, symbols, slogans, or marks originated under and adopted by authority of the commission in connection with the commemoration and celebration of the 1989 Washington state centennial, or any facsimile thereof, or any combination or simulation thereof tending to suggest official connection with the centennial or centennial activities, shall constitute unfair practice under chapter 19.86 RCW. At the request of the commission, the attorney general shall bring such action as may be necessary under chapter 19.86 RCW, including but not limited to action to recover all profits from unauthorized use of centennial insignia and marks.

(2) Except as authorized by the commission in writing, any person or entity who knowingly or wilfully manufactures, reproduces, or uses any logos, emblems, symbols, slogans or marks originated under and adopted by